

EVERGREEN STATE: EVER MORE GREEN?

By Tyler Evilsizer NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON MONEY IN STATE POLITICS

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OVERVIEW

N JANUARY 29, 2009, WASHINGTON GOV. CHRISTINE GREGOIRE AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERS announced a package of climate-change legislation that would "create jobs, expand [Washington's] green economy, and make important progress toward energy independence." These bills would have invested almost \$500 million in green transportation and building projects, energy efficiency, and clean-energy technology. The package also included a cap-and-trade bill for carbon emissions as part of the Western Climate Initiative.

In the final days of its session, debate in the Washington state legislature focused on solving a \$9 billion budget shortfall. Few other bills were discussed. However, in a news conference the day after the legislature adjourned on April 26, Gov. Gregoire left open the possibility to call a special session to deal with several bills left languishing when time ran out, including those from her climate-change package.²

The National Institute on Money in State Politics analyzed 2008 campaign contributions from members of industry groups that oppose legislation to address climate change. These groups include the Alliance for Energy and Economic Growth (AEEG), the Consumer Energy Alliance (CEA), certain members of the American Council for Capital Formation (ACCF), and the National Association of Manufacturers (NAM).³

Key findings from this study show:

- Identified donors within the industry groups contributed \$1.5 million to state-level candidates and political parties during Washington's 2008 election. On the other side of the issue, environmental groups gave only \$36,950.
- One-third of the industry contributions came from the energy sector, which distributed half a million dollars among Washington candidates. The agriculture industry almost exclusively timber companies—came in a close second with \$489,615.

Identified donors within the industry groups contributed \$1.5 million to state-level candidates and political parties during Washington's 2008 election

¹ "Gov. Gregoire, Legislative Leaders Announce Green Jobs and Climate Action Legislation," *Office of the Governor*, Jan. 29, 2009, available from http://www.governor.wa.gov/news/news-view.asp?pressRelease=1118&newsType=1, accessed April 22, 2009.

² "Budget-weary Washington Legislature Adjourns," *Seattle Post-Intelligencer*, April 27, 2009, available from http://www.seattlepi.com/local/6420ap_wa_xgr_gregoire.html, accessed April 27, 2009.

³ A company or organization's membership within these coalitions does not necessarily signify its position on climate change policy, only that they are a member of an organization that strongly opposes limits on carbon.

- Industry groups targeted their giving to candidates who went on to serve in the Washington State Legislature. 94 percent of the money given to all legislative candidates went to winners, and senators not up for election.
- Industry groups spread out their contributions among the legislators. All but two elected representatives received contributions from an industry group, as did every senator who was up for election in 2008.
- Industry groups also gave more heavily to legislative leaders. On average, legislative leaders received 38 percent more than those not in a leadership position.

Legislative leaders received 38 percent more from these industry groups than those not in a leadership position

Campaign contributions correlated with votes on the cap-and-trade bill. The "no" voters
had received an average of \$13,556 in industry contributions; the yes voters had received
only one-third of that (\$4,323).

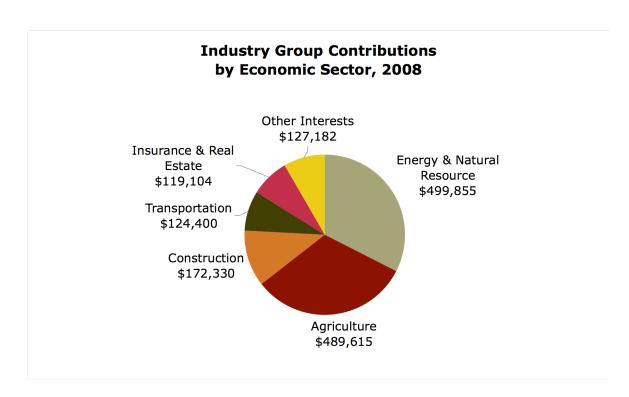
METHODOLOGY

The National Institute on Money in State Politics analyzed the 2008 contributions made to Washington state-level candidates and party committees. The Institute searched for more than 3,000 members of prominent industry organizations that have spoken against carbon control, such as the American Coalition for Capital Formation, National Association of Manufacturers, Alliance for Energy and Economic Growth, and the Consumer Energy Alliance. The Institute only examined contributions from companies and their political action committees, not individuals who worked for those companies. The Institute also searched for and identified pro-environment and alternative energy contributions.

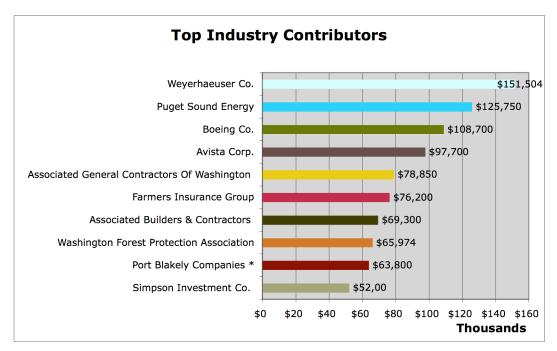
WHO GAVE?

Members of groups that oppose climate-change legislation at the national level, such as the National Association of Manufacturers, gave \$1.5 million in Washington during the 2008 election cycle, when every statewide office and 124 of 147 were up for election. These industry groups gave 2 percent of the \$71 million total that was given to candidates and political parties in the state.

One-third of that industry money came from donors within the energy sector, who distributed half a million dollars among Washington candidates. Within that energy sector, electric utilities gave \$288,600 and oil & gas companies gave \$138,175. The agriculture industry—almost exclusively timber companies—came in second with \$489,615.



Most of the industry money was given by a few major donors. The top 10 donors were responsible for 58 percent of the total. Weyerhaeuser, a timberland and wood products company, gave the most, at \$151,504. Three-quarters of the company's money went to legislative candidates, and 61 percent of it went to Republicans. Two other timber companies, Port Blakely Companies and Simpson Investment Company, also made the top contributors list, giving \$63,800 and \$52,000 respectively. Electric utilities Puget Sound Energy and Avista Corp. also ranked in the top four. Although energy companies gave the largest portion of contributions, only two energy companies made the top 10 list. Many energy companies made the top 20 list, however, including oil giants Chevron, BP America, Tesoro, and ConocoPhillips. See Appendix A for a complete list of companies and how much they gave.



^{*}Includes contribution made to Port Blakely Tree Farms and Port Blakely Paymaster, LLC.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTRIBUTIONS

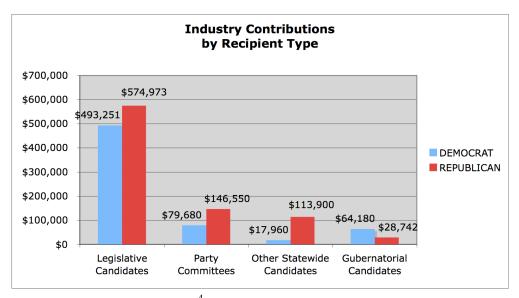
On the other side of the issue, identified pro-environment organizations gave candidates and party committees only \$36,950. Washington Conservation Voters and its affiliates gave \$36,250; Sierra Club chapters contributed \$700.

WHO GOT THE MONEY?

Despite the fact that the governor's race attracted more money than all legislative races combined, two-thirds of the \$1.5 million given by industry groups in Washington went to legislative candidates. In contrast, only \$92,922 went to the gubernatorial race. More than \$225,000 was given to party committees.

Contributions also were targeted toward successful campaigns. Industry groups gave almost exclusively to candidates who ultimately won their campaigns. Winners received \$990,774; incumbent senators not up for re-election received \$16,300. In total, industry groups gave 94 percent of all their legislative contributions to those who went on to serve in the 2009 Legislature.

The industry groups slightly favored Republican candidates and committees with 56 percent of their contributions. Republican legislative candidates received \$574,973; Democrats \$493,251. When contributing to party committees, however, the industry gave almost twice as much to Republicans.



Due to campaign contribution limits,⁴ contributions were spread out among various candidates. No legislative candidate received more than \$27,000; the average was just over \$7,000. All but 2 of the 124 representatives and senators up for election received contributions from these industry groups. See Appendixes B and C for a complete list of legislators and the total they received from industry groups.

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⁴ In 2008, an individual, company, or PAC could give a legislative candidate a maximum of \$700 per election, or \$1,400 per election to a gubernatorial candidate. "State Limits on Contributions to Candidates," *National Conference of State Legislatures*, August 20, 2008.

Industry groups targeted incumbents with 85 percent of their contributions. Nine of the top 10 recipients were incumbent officials—the one exception was Dino Rossi, the challenger to Gregoire in the high-profile governor's race. The three top legislative candidates—Sens. Hewitt, Schoesler, and Zarelli—all sit on the influential Senate Ways & Means committee, which eliminated the cap-and-trade system from SB 5735 as discussed below.

TOP RECIPIENTS OF INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTIONS

CANDIDATE	OFFICE	RESULT	TOTAL
McKenna, Rob (R)	Attorney General	Won	\$55,800
Sutherland, Doug (R)	Public Lands Commissioner	Lost	\$50,250
Gregoire, Christine (D)	Governor	Won	\$46,900
Rossi, Dino (R)	Governor	Lost	\$28,742
Hewitt, Mike (R)*	Senator (Republican Leader)	Won	\$26,200
Schoesler, Mark G. (R)*	Senator (Republican Floor Leader)	Won	\$20,800
Zarelli, Joseph (R)*	Senator	Won	\$20,100
DeBolt, Richard (R)	House Minority Leader	Won	\$19,913
Ericksen, Doug (R)	House Minority Floor Leader	Won	\$19,700
Hatfield, Brian (D)	Senator	Won	\$19,250
		TOTAL	\$308,655

^{*}Members of the Senate Ways & Means Committee

Industry groups also gave more heavily to legislative leaders. The average legislative leader received \$8,775, 38 percent more than the \$6,322 average for non-leaders. The six leaders to receive the most money were in key Republican leadership positions.

LEGISLATIVE LEADERSHIP RECEIVING OVER \$10,000

LEGISLATOR	CHAMBER	POSITION	TOTAL
Hewitt, Mike (R)	Senate	Republican Leader	\$26,200
Schoesler, Mark G. (R)	Senate	Republican Floor Leader	\$20,800
DeBolt, Richard (R)	House	Minority Leader	\$19,913
Ericksen, Doug (R)	House	Minority Floor Leader	\$19,700
Parlette, Linda Evans (R)	Senate	Republican Caucus Chair	\$19,050
Carrell, Mike (R)	Senate	Republican Deputy Leader	\$18,400
Brown, Lisa (D)	Senate	Democratic Majority Floor Leader	\$16,181
Herrera, Jaime (R)	House	Assistant Minority Floor Leader	\$14,950
Chopp, Frank (D)	House	Speaker	\$14,300
Kessler, Lynn (D)	House	Majority Leader	\$13,800
Pflug, Cheryl (R)	Senate	Republican Caucus Vice Chair	\$13,800
Eddy, Deb (D)	House	Majority Caucus Vice Chair	\$12,700
Springer, Larry (D)	House	Minority Caucus Liaison	\$12,350
Kristiansen, Dan (R)	House	Minority Caucus Chair	\$11,900
		TOTAL	\$234,044

2009 LEGISLATION

On January 29, 2009, Gov. Gregoire and legislative leaders announced a package of climate-change legislation that would "create jobs, expand [Washington's] green economy, and make

important progress toward energy independence." The Green Jobs and Climate Change package includes a cap-and-trade system designed by the seven states (including Washington) and four Canadian provinces in the Western Climate Initiative. Gregoire also proposed investments totaling \$455 million in the next biennium for energy-reducing transportation projects, energy efficiency projects, green buildings and clean-energy technology. Another

Gregoire proposed investments totaling \$455 million for energy-reducing transportation projects, energy efficiency projects, green buildings and clean-energy technology

piece of legislation provides a state tax exemption for plug-in electric vehicles. 6 Citing the \$9 billion shortfall facing Washington, the tax incentives were abandoned.

CAP AND TRADE

Part of Gov. Gregoire's climate change package was a cap-and-trade bill that would have authorized Washington to take part in a regional cap-and-trade system of Western states. The bill, SB 5735, introduced on January 29, was narrowly passed on February 25 by the Senate Committee on Environment, Water & Energy, with minor changes. The bill then went to the Senate Committee on Ways & Means, where it underwent major revisions. The bill no longer authorized the state to implement a carbon cap, but rather found that a cap was unnecessary due to the economic downturn and subsequent decline in greenhouse gas emissions. The amended bill directed a study to be presented to the 2011 Legislature, and laid out general guidelines for future plans to regulate greenhouse gas emissions. Despite the changes, environmental groups still strongly pushed for the bill's passage. Although the bill was not passed before the legislature adjourned on April 26, it may be included when Gov. Gregoire calls a special legislative session for bills that the legislature did not have time to consider.

On February 25, SB 5735, sponsored by committee chair Phil Rockefeller, passed on a 6-5 vote out of the Senate Committee on Environment, Water & Energy. The committee members who voted "yes" all received more in contributions from industry groups than those who voted "no,"

⁷ "Hotlist for the State House," *Washington League of Conservation Voters*, April 13, 2009, available from http://www.wecprotects.org/current-legislation/hot-list/april-13-hot-list-for-the-state-house, accessed April 27, 2009.

⁵ "Gov. Gregoire, Legislative Leaders Announce Green Jobs and Climate Action Legislation," *Office of the Governor*, Jan. 29, 2009, available from http://www.governor.wa.gov/news/news-view.asp?pressRelease=1118&newsType=1, accessed April 22, 2009.

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⁸ Richard Roesler, "Gregoire intends to call special session," *The Spokesman-Review*, April 27, 2009, available from http://www.spokesman.com/stories/2009/apr/27/gregoire-intends-call-special-session/, accessed April 30,2009.

though this comparison may be skewed by the fact that four of the five senators who voted "no" were not up for election this year, while only one senator who voted "yes" was not up for election.

INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTIONS TO SENATE COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT, WATER & ENERGY

SENATOR	PARTY	VOTE ON SB 5735	INDUSTRY TOTAL	% OF CAMPAIGN FUNDS
Hatfield, Brian	Democrat	Υ	\$19,250	11%
Rockefeller, Phil (Chair)	Democrat	Υ	\$11,100	7%
Pridemore, Craig (Vice Chair)	Democrat	Υ	\$10,350	8%
Fraser, Karen	Democrat	Υ	\$5,700	8%
Ranker, Kevin	Democrat	Υ	\$2,600	1%
Marr, Christopher J.*	Democrat	Υ	\$2,150	3%
Honeyford, James D.* (Ranking Minority Member)	Republican	N	\$1,300	19%
Holmquist, Janea	Republican	N	\$1,000	12%
Sheldon, Timothy M.*	Democrat	N	\$1,000	3%
Morton, Robert H.*	Republican	N	\$500	12%
Delvin II, Jerome L.*	Republican	N	\$300	4%
		TOTAL	\$55,250	6%

^{*}Not up for reelection in 2008.

The Senate Committee on Ways & Means amended the legislation into a study bill, rather than a cap-and-trade program. The substitute bill passed the Ways & Means Committee on a 12-8 vote on March 2. Of the committee members up for election in 2008, the five who voted against the study bill received the most money from industry donors. Overall, the "no" voters received much more in industry contributions, averaging \$13,556 per senator (total \$108,450). In comparison, the "yes" voters received \$51,881, or \$4,323 per senator. Five of the 12 senators who voted in favor of the study bill received no contributions from industry donors. Interestingly, a number of senators sit on both the Environment, Water & Energy and the Ways & Means committee,

Overall, the "no" voters received much more in industry contributions, averaging \$13,556 per senator

including bill sponsor Phil Rockefeller and Sens. Pridemore, Fraser, and Honeyford.

INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTIONS TO SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS & MEANS

SENATOR	SB 5735 VOTE	PARTY	INDUSTRY TOTAL	% OF CAMPAIGN FUNDS
Hewitt, Mike	N	Republican	\$26,200	12%
Schoesler, Mark G.	N	Republican	\$20,800	14%
Zarelli, Joseph (Ranking Minority Member)	N	Republican	\$20,100	10%
Parlette, Linda Evans	N	Republican	\$19,050	13%
Carrell, Mike	N	Republican	\$18,400	6%
Prentice, Margarita (Chair)	Υ	Democrat	\$16,181	6%
Pflug, Cheryl	Absent	Republican	\$13,800	10%
Rockefeller, Phil	Υ	Democrat	\$11,100	7%
Pridemore, Craig	Υ	Democrat	\$10,350	8%
Fraser, Karen (Vice Chair)	Υ	Democrat	\$5,700	8%
Regala, Debbie	Υ	Democrat	\$3,900	6%
McDermott, Joe	Υ	Democrat	\$3,200	3%
Murray, Edward B.*	Absent	Democrat	\$2,250	17%
Hobbs, Steven R.*	N	Democrat	\$1,800	5%
Oemig, Eric W.*	Υ	Democrat	\$1,450	17%
Honeyford, James D.*	N	Republican	\$1,300	19%
Brandland, Dale E.*	N	Republican	\$800	9%
Fairley, Darlene*	Υ	Democrat	\$0	0%
Keiser, Karen L.*	Υ	Democrat	\$0	0%
Kline, Daniel Adam*†	Υ	Democrat	\$0	0%
Kohl-Welles, Jeanne E.*	Υ	Democrat	\$0	0%
Tom, Rodney* (Vice Chair)	Υ	Democrat	\$0	0%
		TOTAL	. \$176,381	8%

*Not for up election in 2008.

†Did not raise any money in 2008.

After it passed out of the Senate, SB 5735 did not undergo major revisions in the House. Contributions to members of the House committees are not shown. However, the National Institute on Money in State Politics' Legislative Committee Analysis Tool (L-CAT) shows energy industry or agriculture/timber industry contributions to members of the House Ecology & Parks Committee, which heard the bill on March 17, and the House Ways & Means Committee, which heard the bill on April 4. For instance, electric utilities Puget Sound Energy and Avista Corp. were both top contributors to Ecology & Parks members. Puget Sound Energy gave \$9,400 to seven of the 14 representatives, while Avista Corp. gave \$8,100 to eight of the committee members. Timber companies distributed \$32,350 to committee members.

APPENDIX A

INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTIONS TO WASHINGTON POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS, 2008

CONTRIBUTOR	MEMBER OF	TOTAL
Weyerhaeuser Co.	American Forest & Paper Association	\$151,504
Puget Sound Energy	Edison Electric Institute	\$125,750
Boeing Co.	Air Transport Association	\$108,700
Avista Corp.	Edison Electric Institute	\$97,700
Associated General Contractors Of Washington	Alliance for Energy & Economic Growth	\$78,850
Farmers Insurance Group ⁹	National Mining Association	\$76,200
Associated Builders & Contractors	Alliance for Energy & Economic Growth	\$69,300
Washington Forest Protection Association	American Forest & Paper Association	\$65,974
Port Blakely Tree Farms	American Forest & Paper Association	\$62,700
Simpson Investment Co.	American Forest & Paper Association	\$52,000
Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth, American Coalition For Clean Coal Electricity, National Mining Association	\$48,900
PhRMA	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth, National Association of Manufacturers	\$48,300
Green Diamond Resource Co.	American Forest & Paper Association	\$42,397
Chevron Corp.	American Petroleum Institute, National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$32,000
Washington State Farm Bureau, state affiliate of the American Farm Bureau	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth	\$28,590
PacifiCorp ¹⁰	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth	\$28,200
Georgia-Pacific	American Forest & Paper Association	\$28,000
BP America	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth American Petroleum Institute Consumer Energy Alliance National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$27,400
Washington Public Utility Districts Association	National Rural Electric Cooperative Association	\$22,950
NW Natural Gas Co	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth	\$22,200
Tesoro Corp.	National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$21,675
ConocoPhillips	American Petroleum Institute, National Mining Association, National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$21,400
Rayonier Inc.	American Forest & Paper Association	\$21,000
Wells Fargo	National Mining Association	\$20,463
Boeing Employees Credit Union	Air Transport Association	\$19,881

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⁹ Subsidiary of Zurich American Insurance.

¹⁰ Through its parent company MidAmerican Energy Holdings Co.

APPENDIX A CONTINUED

CONTRIBUTOR	MEMBER OF	TOTAL
Distilled Spirits Council Of The U.S.	National Association Of Manufacturers	\$18,000
Northwest Hearth Patio & Barbecue Association	National Association Of Manufacturers	\$16,400
CH2M Hill	American Petroleum Institute, National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$16,180
Washington Trucking Association 11	Consumer Energy Alliance	\$14,700
Teck Cominco American	National Mining Association	\$14,080
Monsanto	National Mining Association	\$13,150
Sierra Pacific Industries	American Forest & Paper Association	\$9,500
Williams Companies	American Petroleum Institute, National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$9,000
Union Pacific Railroad	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth, American Coalition For Clean Coal Electricity,	\$8,850
Tyco Electronics	National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$8,800
National Association Of Chain Drug Stores	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth	\$8,000
Bayer Corp.	National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$7,350
Longview Timber Corp.	American Forest & Paper Association	\$7,200
Pacific Power/Rocky Mountain Power ¹²	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth	\$7,200
DuPont	National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$6,500
Association Of Washington Business	National Association of Manufacturers	\$5,732
Washington Rural Electric Cooperative Association	National Rural Electric Cooperative Association	\$5,200
Dow Agrosciences	Alliance For Energy And Economic Growth, American Petroleum Institute, National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$4,900
U.S. Oil & Refining Co.	National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$3,500
Bechtel Corp.	American Petroleum Institute, National Petrochemical & Refiners Association	\$3,200
Perkins Coie	American Forest & Paper Association	\$3,100
Washington Group International 13	National Mining Association	\$2,800
Aramark Inc.	The Aluminum Association	\$2,500
American Express	Air Transport Association	\$2,400
Stimson Lumber	American Forest & Paper Association	\$2,000
Canyon Lumber Co.	American Forest & Paper Association	\$1,600
Portland General Electric	Edison Electric Institute	\$1,600
3M	National Mining Association	\$1,250

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¹¹ State affiliate of the American Trucking Association

¹² Through its parent company MidAmerican Energy Holdings Co.

¹³ Subsidiary of URS Corp.

APPENDIX A CONTINUED

CONTRIBUTOR	MEMBER OF		TOTAL
American Gas Association	Alliance For Energy And Economic Gro Consumer Energy Alliance, National Association of Manufacturers	·	\$1,000
General Electric	The Aluminum Association, American Petroleum Institute, National Mining Association, National Petrochemical & Refiners Association		\$1,000
Goodrich Corp.	National Petrochemical & Refiners Association		\$1,000
Mitsubishi Nuclear Energy Systems	National Petrochemical & Refiners Association		\$1,000
Port Blakely Companies	American Forest & Paper Association		\$800
Port Blakely Paymaster	American Forest & Paper Association		\$300
Hecla Mining Co.	National Mining Association		\$250
McGreer & Co.	American Forest & Paper Association		\$100
Horizon Credit Union	National Rural Electric Cooperative Association		\$60
		TOTAL	\$1,532,236

APPENDIX B

2008 TOTAL INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTIONS TO 2009 STATE REPRESENTATIVES

REPRESENTATIVE	PARTY	TOTAL
Alexander, Gary C.	Republican	\$9,500
Anderson, Glenn	Republican	\$8,850
Angel, Jan	Republican	\$12,650
Appleton, Sherry V.	Democrat	\$1,600
Armstrong, Mike	Republican	\$7,800
Bailey, Barbara	Republican	\$13,245
Blake, Brian E.	Democrat	\$12,200
Campbell, Tom	Republican	\$1,550
Carlyle, Reuven	Democrat	\$7,400
Chandler, Bruce	Republican	\$10,450
Chase, Maralyn	Democrat	\$0
Chopp, Frank	Democrat	\$14,300
Clibborn, Judy	Democrat	\$15,300
Cody, Eileen L.	Democrat	\$350
Condotta, Cary	Republican	\$9,850
Conway, Steve	Democrat	\$2,050
Cox, Don*	Republican	\$0
Crouse, Larry	Republican	\$8,950
Dammeier, Bruce	Republican	\$10,100
Darneille, Jeannie	Democrat	\$750
DeBolt, Richard	Republican	\$19,913
Dickerson, Mary Lou	Democrat	\$600
Driscoll, John F.	Democrat	\$1,300
Dunshee, Hans	Democrat	\$6,900
Eddy, Deb	Democrat	\$12,700
Ericks, Mark	Democrat	\$15,150
Ericksen, Doug	Republican	\$19,700
Finn, Fred	Democrat	\$3,100
Flannigan, Dennis	Democrat	\$400
Goodman, Roger	Democrat	\$2,450
Grant-Harriot, Laura*	Democrat	\$0
Green, Tami	Democrat	\$1,050
Haigh, Kathy	Democrat	\$4,100
Haler, Larry	Republican	\$10,350
Hasegawa, Bob	Democrat	\$350
Herrera, Jaime	Republican	\$14,950
Hinkle, Bill	Republican	\$9,375
Hope, Mike	Republican	\$4,250
Hudgins, Zack	Democrat	\$3,250

REPRESENTATIVE	PARTY	TOTAL
Hunt, Sam	Democrat	\$2,550
Hunter, Ross	Democrat	\$9,950
Hurst, Christopher	Democrat	\$7,200
Jacks, Jim	Democrat	\$3,350
Johnson, Norm	Republican	\$4,200
Kagi, Ruth	Democrat	\$2,950
Kelley, Troy	Democrat	\$11,250
Kenney, Phyllis G.	Democrat	\$900
Kessler, Lynn	Democrat	\$13,800
Kirby, Steve	Democrat	\$5,650
Klippert, Brad	Republican	\$1,800
Kretz, Joel	Republican	\$9,500
Kristiansen, Dan	Republican	\$11,900
Liias, Marko	Democrat	\$2,150
Linville, Kelli	Democrat	\$13,400
Maxwell, Marcie	Democrat	\$3,000
McCoy, John R.	Democrat	\$9,050
McCune, Jim	Republican	\$8,250
Miloscia, Mark	Democrat	\$1,600
Moeller, Jim	Democrat	\$2,950
Morrell, Dawn	Democrat	\$2,350
Morris, Jeff	Democrat	\$9,950
Nelson, Sharon K.	Democrat	\$1,550
O'Brien, Al	Democrat	\$3,450
Orcutt, Ed	Republican	\$13,500
Ormsby, Timm	Democrat	\$2,850
Orwall, Tina L.	Democrat	\$500
Parker, Kevin	Republican	\$13,200
Pearson, Kirk	Republican	\$6,850
Pedersen, Jamie	Democrat	\$2,850
Pettigrew, Eric	Democrat	\$5,100
Priest, Skip	Republican	\$10,150
Probst, Tim	Democrat	\$1,900
Quall, Dave	Democrat	\$4,550
Roach, Dan	Republican	\$9,550
Roberts, Mary Helen	Democrat	\$0
Rodne, Jay	Republican	\$11,500
Rolfes, Christine	Democrat	\$5,050
Ross, Charles	Republican	\$5,700

APPENDIX B CONTINUED

REPRESENTATIVE	PARTY	TOTAL
Santos, Sharon Tomiko	Democrat	\$6,800
Schmick, Joe	Republican	\$6,400
Seaquist, Larry	Democrat	\$2,450
Sells, Mike	Democrat	\$600
Shea, Matt	Republican	\$4,750
Short, Shelly	Republican	\$4,650
Simpson, Geoff	Democrat	\$5,400
Smith, Norma	Republican	\$12,240
Springer, Larry	Democrat	\$12,350
Sullivan, Pat	Democrat	\$1,600
Takko, Dean	Democrat	\$7,300

REPRESENTATIVE	PARTY	TOTAL
Taylor, David*	Republican	\$0
Upthegrove, Dave	Democrat	\$8,600
Van De Wege, Kevin	Democrat	\$8,400
Wallace, Deb	Democrat	\$5,750
Walsh, Maureen	Republican	\$7,150
Warnick, Judith	Republican	\$8,350
White, Scott	Democrat	\$7,250
Williams, Brendan	Progressive	\$3,500
Wood, Alex	Democrat	\$1,500
	TOTAL	\$627,773

^{*}Appointed in 2009 to fill a vacancy. Did not raise money nor run for election in 2008.

APPENDIX C

2008 TOTAL INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTIONS TO 2009 SENATORS

SENATOR	PARTY	TOTAL
Becker, Randi	Republican	\$3,500
Benton, Don	Republican	\$16,350
Berkey, Jean L.*	Democrat	\$1,800
Brandland, Dale E.*	Republican	\$800
Brown, Lisa	Democrat	\$15,750
Carrell, Mike	Republican	\$18,400
Delvin, Jerome L.*	Republican	\$300
Eide, Tracey J.*†	Democrat	\$0
Fairley, Darlene*	Democrat	\$0
Franklin, Rosa*	Democrat	\$0
Fraser, Karen	Democrat	\$5,700
Hargrove, Jim	Democrat	\$9,070
Hatfield, Brian	Democrat	\$19,250
Haugen, Mary Margaret	Democrat	\$19,150
Hewitt, Mike	Republican	\$26,200
Hobbs, Steven R.*	Democrat	\$1,800
Holmquist, Janea*	Republican	\$1,000
Honeyford, James D.*	Republican	\$1,300
Jacobsen, Ken*	Democrat	\$0
Jarrett, Fred	Democrat	\$12,200
Kastama, Jim	Democrat	\$8,400
Kauffman, Claudia*	Democrat	\$0
Keiser, Karen L.*	Democrat	\$0
Kilmer, Derek C.*	Democrat	\$1,950
King, Curtis	Republican	\$14,150

SENATOR	PARTY	TOTAL
Kline, Daniel Adam*†	Democrat	\$0
Kohl-Welles, Jeanne E.*	Democrat	\$0
Marr, Christopher J.*	Democrat	\$2,150
McAuliffe, Rosemary	Democrat	\$2,800
McCaslin, Bob	Republican	\$11,550
McDermott, Joe	Democrat	\$3,200
Morton, Robert H.*	Republican	\$500
Murray, Edward B.*	Democrat	\$2,250
Oemig, Eric W.*	Democrat	\$1,450
Parlette, Linda Evans	Republican	\$19,050
Pflug, Cheryl	Republican	\$13,800
Prentice, Margarita	Democrat	\$16,181
Pridemore, Craig	Democrat	\$10,350
Ranker, Kevin	Democrat	\$2,600
Regala, Debbie	Democrat	\$3,900
Roach, Pam*	Republican	\$0
Rockefeller, Phil	Democrat	\$11,100
Schoesler, Mark G.	Republican	\$20,800
Sheldon, Timothy M.*	Democrat	\$1,000
Shin, Paull H.*	Democrat	\$0
Stevens, Val	Republican	\$11,100
Swecker, Dan	Republican	\$14,200
Tom, Rodney*	Democrat	\$0
Zarelli, Joseph	Republican	\$20,100
	TOTAL	\$345,151

^{*}Not up for election in 2008. †Did not raise any money in 2008.