# The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index 

A monthly survey of Americans' attitudes about health care
July Findings

August 2009

# Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index 

August 2009 Report

Results for July 2009

## Introduction

This report provides results for the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index (RWJF Index) for July 2009. The RWJF index is a monthly snapshot of how adults in the United States perceive their financial access to health care.

The data used to produce the RWJF index come from the University of Michigan Surveys of Consumers. The Surveys of Consumers are monthly telephone interviews conducted by the Survey Research Center at the University of Michigan using list-assisted random digit dialing. The surveys use a rotating panel design. Each month, a new cross-sectional sample of households is drawn. Respondents from this sample are re-interviewed six months later. Approximately 500 adults (age $18+$ ) respond monthly, of which about $60 \%$ of respondents are new and $40 \%$ are being interviewed for a second time (six months from when they were last interviewed).

The sample is designed to be representative of all households in the coterminous United States (that is, the United States plus the District of Columbia, excluding Hawaii and Alaska). Results in this report have been weighted to be representative of all adults living in private households in the coterminous United States. The core of the Surveys of Consumers questionnaire is composed of 50 questions designed to track different aspects of consumer attitudes and expectations. The monthly response rate is approximately $39 \%$ (using the AAPOR RR2 calculation). More information about the University of Michigan Surveys of Consumers is available at http://www.sca.isr.umich.edu/.

These analyses are supported by a grant from the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF). The State Health Access Data Assistance Center (SHADAC) developed the RWJF index from selected survey items using baseline data established in spring 2009. The RWJF index is itself composed of two sub-indices, the Recent Health Cost Barriers Index (RHCB Index) and the Future Health Cost Concerns Index (FHCC Index), which measure recent problems with access to health care due to cost and future worries about access to health care or health insurance due to cost, respectively. This report provides a description of the methodology of the index as well as tables of the results.

For methodological inquiries, please contact the State Health Access Data Assistance Center at 612-624-4802,shadac@umn.edu, or visit their web site at www.shadac.org.

## Methods

The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index (RWJF Index) is the sum of two sub-indices, the Recent Health Cost Barriers Index and the Future Health Cost Concerns Index.

## Recent Health Cost Barriers Index (RHCB Index)

The RHCB Index measures whether respondents experienced barriers in access to health care in the past year, including:

- delaying seeing a doctor when it was necessary due to cost,
- skipping a recommended medical test, treatment, or follow-up due to cost,
- not filling a prescription due to cost, and
- having difficulty paying for medical bills.

Refer to the "Index Questions" section of this report for exact question wording. These questions were chosen after exploratory factor analysis indicated that they were highly related to the same underlying construct. The Cronbach's alpha, a common measure of the internal consistency of a scale, was calculated at 0.82 for the baseline data.

To calculate the RHCB Index, we first computed the relative scores (RHCB Score) for each of the four index questions (the percent of respondents giving "No" replies minus the percent giving "Yes" replies, plus 100 points for $\mathrm{x}_{1} \ldots \mathrm{x}_{4}$ listed below). Using the formula shown below, we summed the four relative scores, and divided by the baseline total of 6.28 .

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { RHCB Score }=x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}+x_{4} \\
\text { RHCB Index }=\frac{\text { RHCB Score }}{R H C B \text { Score }{ }^{\text {Base }}}=\frac{R H C B \text { Score }}{6.28}
\end{gathered}
$$

## Future Health Cost Concerns Index (FHCC Index)

While the RHCB Index utilized survey items that asked about cost barriers in access to health care in the past 12 months, the FHCC Index uses measures of worry about barriers in access to health care due to cost in the near future. Many people may be concerned about paying for health care in the future even if they haven't experienced difficulty in the recent past. Specifically, the FHCC Index uses items that asked respondents about:

- worry about losing health insurance coverage,
- worry about not being able to afford treatment for serious illness,
- worry about not being able to afford all of the routine health care services needed,
- worry about not being able to afford prescription drugs, and
- worry about going bankrupt from not being able to pay medical bills.

Refer to the "Index Questions" section of this report for exact question wording.
Questions included in the FHCC Index were highly related to the same underlying construct in the initial factor analyses. The inclusion of the question about worry about losing health
insurance coverage makes calculation of the FHCC Index slightly more complex than the calculation of the RHCB Index. People who had indicated that they were uninsured were not asked this question. The Cronbach's alpha for the insured is 0.85 and for uninsured 0.87 , indicating that these variables work together well to measure concerns about paying for health care in the future.

Because of this difference in the number of questions, the FHCC Score is computed separately for insured and uninsured respondents, and then combined, weighting by the percent that were uninsured. As before, we first computed the relative scores for each of the index questions (the percent of respondents saying "not worried" minus the percent saying "worried," plus 100 points), using the "not worried" and "worried" percentages specific to the insured and uninsured groups. Then we summed the relative scores from each item, and divide by the baseline total of 6.33.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { FHCC Score }{ }^{\text {insured }}=x_{5}^{\text {insured }}+x_{6}^{\text {insured }}+x_{7}^{\text {insured }}+x_{8}^{\text {insured }}+x_{9}^{\text {insured }} \\
\text { FHCC Score }{ }^{\text {uninsured }}=x_{6}^{\text {uninsured }}+x_{7}^{\text {uninsured }}+x_{8}^{\text {uninsured }}+x_{9}^{\text {uninsured }} \\
\text { FHCC Score }=p\left(F H C C \text { Score } e^{\text {insured }}\right)+(1-p)\left(F H C C \text { Score }{ }^{\text {uninsured }}\right)\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) \\
\text { FHCC Index }=\frac{F H C C \text { Score }}{F H C C \text { Score } e^{\text {Base }}}=\frac{\text { FHCC Score }}{6.33}
\end{gathered}
$$

In this equation, $p$ equals the percent insured and $(1-p)$ equals the percent uninsured. In the baseline period the uninsurance rate is 11.8 percent. We then multiplied the FHCC Score ${ }^{\text {uninsured }}$ by $5 / 4$ to give greater weight to the value for the uninsured, since they were asked one less question.

## Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index (RWJF Index)

As stated before, the RWJF Index is the sum of the RHCB Index and the FHCC Index. This is equivalent to adding the sub-scales and dividing by the base period score 12.61 .

$$
\begin{aligned}
R W J F & \text { Index }=\text { RHCB Index }+ \text { FHCC Index } \\
& =\frac{R H C B \text { Score }+ \text { FHCC Score }}{R W J F \text { Score }{ }^{\text {Base }}} \\
= & \frac{R H C B \text { Score }+ \text { FHCC Score }}{12.61}
\end{aligned}
$$

While the two sub-indices measure recent barriers and near-future concerns, our analyses show that they can be combined into a single index measuring overall security about health care cost. Exploratory factor analyses showed the nine measures were strongly related to a single underlying construct. For our baseline, Cronbach's alpha for all nine items together is 0.86 . Standard errors were computed using Taylor Series and adjusting for weighting and sample selection issues associated with the survey.

## Index Questions

The Health Care Cost Index is derived from the following ten questions:
$\mathrm{x}_{1}$ : In the past 12 months, was there any time when you (or someone in your family living there) delayed seeing a doctor when it was necessary because of the cost? (Yes/No)
$\mathrm{x}_{2}$ : In the past 12 months, was there any time when you (or someone in your family living there) skipped a recommended medical test, treatment, or follow-up because of the cost? (Yes/No)
$\mathrm{x}_{3}$ : In the past 12 months, was there any time when you (or someone in your family living there) did not fill a prescription because of the cost? (Yes/No)
$\mathrm{x}_{4}$ : In the past 12 months, did you (and your family living there) ever have difficulty paying for your medical bills? (Yes/No)
$\mathrm{x}_{5}$ : At this time, how worried are you that you will lose your health insurance coverage in the next 12 months? Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all? (Asked of and calculated for respondents who reported that they had health insurance coverage.)
$\mathrm{x}_{6}$ : Thinking about the future, how worried are you that you will not be able to afford treatment if you (or someone in your family living there) become(s) seriously ill? (Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?)
$\mathrm{x}_{7}$ : Thinking about the future, how worried are you that you will not be able to afford all of the routine health care services you (and your family living there) might need? (Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?)
$\mathrm{x}_{8}$ : Thinking about the future, how worried are you that you will not be able to afford all of the prescription drugs you (and your family living there) might need? (Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?)
$\mathrm{x}_{9}$ : Thinking about the future, how worried are you that you will go bankrupt from not being able to pay your (family's) medical bills? (Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?)

Note: For $\mathrm{x}_{5}$ to $\mathrm{x}_{9}$, response categories were dichotomized as follows:
Very worried/somewhat worried = "Worried" for relative score for index calculation
Not too worried/not worried at all = "Not worried" for relative score for index calculation

## Tables

## Chart 1. RWJF Indices Tracking Chart



Table 1a. Current RWJF Index Levels

| Measure | Index |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Estimate | SE |
| Recent Health Cost Barriers | 100.8 | 2.13 |
| Future Health Cost Concerns | 93.6 | 2.91 |
| RWJF Health Care Consumer Confidence | 97.2 | 2.18 |

Table 1b. Recent RWJF Index Levels

|  | Recent <br> Health Cost <br> Barriers | Future <br> Health Cost <br> Concerns | RWJF <br> Health Care <br> Consumer <br> Confidence |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Period | 100.8 | $93.6^{*}$ | 97.2 |
| Jul 2009 | 101.3 | 103.3 | 102.3 |
| Jun 2009 | 100.0 | 97.4 | 98.7 |
| May 2009 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Baseline |  |  |  |

Note: * indicates a significant change from the previous month.

Table 2. Percent Concerned and Index Values by Demographics, July 2009

|  | Percent with any of concern type |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Recent Health Cost Barriers | Future <br> Health Cost Concerns | Health Care Consumer Confidence | Recent Health Cost Barriers | Future <br> Health Cost Concerns | Health Care Consumer Confidence |
| Overall | 34.4\% | 61.8\% | 67.0\% | 100.8 | 93.6 | 97.2 |
| Age Categories |  | Percents |  |  | Index |  |
| 18-34 | 38.7\% | 59.1\% | 67.5\% | 96.3 | 108.3 | 102.3 |
| 35-49 | 44.2\% | 60.2\% | 68.3\% | 93.7 | 90.7 | 92.2 |
| 50-64 | 37.3\% | 67.1\% | 70.0\% | 97.0 | 84.4 | 90.7 |
| 65+ | 17.5\% | 59.1\% | 61.8\% | 115.8 | 98.0 | 106.9 |
| Total | 34.4\% | 61.8\% | 67.0\% | 100.8 | 93.6 | 97.2 |


| Race | Percents |  |  | Index |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | $32.0 \%$ | $59.2 \%$ | $64.1 \%$ | 104.1 | 98.1 |
| Other | $42.7 \%$ | $73.4 \%$ | $78.1 \%$ | 88.1 | 72.7 |
| Total | $34.1 \%$ | $61.9 \%$ | $66.8 \%$ | 101.0 | 93.2 |


| Income Categories | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bottom Third | $45.9 \%$ | $74.8 \%$ | $79.6 \%$ | 84.2 | 71.2 | 77.6 |
| Middle Third | $41.8 \%$ | $66.2 \%$ | $68.8 \%$ | 96.1 | 88.8 | 92.4 |
| Top Third | $19.5 \%$ | $45.9 \%$ | $52.9 \%$ | 116.8 | 117.7 | 117.3 |
| Total | $35.3 \%$ | $61.8 \%$ | $66.6 \%$ | 99.6 | 93.4 | 96.5 |


| Education | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HS or less | $35.1 \%$ | $64.9 \%$ | $68.2 \%$ | 99.2 | 81.4 | 90.3 |
| Some college | $42.3 \%$ | $70.8 \%$ | $78.8 \%$ | 94.4 | 88.8 | 91.5 |
| College degree | $30.1 \%$ | $58.4 \%$ | $63.4 \%$ | 105.3 | 101.2 | 103.3 |
| Grad studies | $28.8 \%$ | $46.9 \%$ | $52.6 \%$ | 106.0 | 115.2 | 110.6 |
| Total | $34.5 \%$ | $61.7 \%$ | $66.9 \%$ | 100.7 | 93.6 | 97.1 |


| Sex | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Male | $32.2 \%$ | $55.8 \%$ | $61.1 \%$ | 103.3 | 98.3 | 100.8 |
| Female | $36.1 \%$ | $66.3 \%$ | $71.4 \%$ | 98.9 | 90.1 | 94.5 |
| Total | $34.4 \%$ | $61.8 \%$ | $67.0 \%$ | 100.8 | 93.6 | 97.2 |


| Health Status | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Excellent | $25.7 \%$ | $50.9 \%$ | $55.0 \%$ | 111.6 | 111.2 | 111.4 |
| Very good | $23.5 \%$ | $51.0 \%$ | $55.5 \%$ | 111.0 | 110.1 | 110.5 |
| Good | $39.4 \%$ | $68.4 \%$ | $72.5 \%$ | 98.3 | 88.1 | 93.2 |
| Fair/Poor | $50.6 \%$ | $77.9 \%$ | $86.5 \%$ | 80.3 | 62.1 | 71.2 |
| Total | $34.5 \%$ | $61.9 \%$ | $67.1 \%$ | 100.7 | 93.5 | 97.1 |


| Insurance Status | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Insured | $30.5 \%$ | $59.1 \%$ | $64.5 \%$ | 105.4 | 98.8 | 102.1 |
| $\quad$ Private insurance | $27.5 \%$ | $57.7 \%$ | $62.6 \%$ | 108.4 | 100.5 | 104.4 |
| $\quad$ Public insurance | $28.7 \%$ | $62.0 \%$ | $65.5 \%$ | 104.5 | 94.1 | 99.3 |
| Uninsured | $72.3 \%$ | $87.8 \%$ | $91.0 \%$ | 56.1 | 42.8 | 49.4 |
| Total | $34.4 \%$ | $61.8 \%$ | $67.0 \%$ | 100.8 | 93.6 | 97.2 |

Source: RWJF Health Care Consumer Confidence Index for July 2009. Standard errors are shown in Table 6.

Table 3. Health Care Quality, Health Reform Importance, and Coverage Loss by Demographics, July 2009

|  | Received Quality <br> Health Care* | Health Reform <br> Important** | Worried may lose <br> coverage*** |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Percents |  |  |
| Overall | $86.2 \%$ | $81.4 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ |


| Age | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $18-34$ | $84.2 \%$ | $78.3 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ |
| $35-49$ | $84.5 \%$ | $84.5 \%$ | $25.8 \%$ |
| $50-64$ | $83.7 \%$ | $84.6 \%$ | $23.2 \%$ |
| $65+$ | $92.3 \%$ | $75.9 \%$ | $28.0 \%$ |
| Total | $86.2 \%$ | $81.4 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ |


| Race | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | $89.9 \%$ | $77.8 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ |
| Other | $71.3 \%$ | $95.0 \%$ | $33.1 \%$ |
| Total | $86.4 \%$ | $81.1 \%$ | $25.3 \%$ |


| Income | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Bottom Third | $73.4 \%$ | $90.0 \%$ | $34.3 \%$ |
| Middle Third | $85.4 \%$ | $79.1 \%$ | $28.1 \%$ |
| Top Third | $97.2 \%$ | $76.7 \%$ | $15.4 \%$ |
| Total | $85.8 \%$ | $81.6 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ |


| Education | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS or less | $79.2 \%$ | $84.2 \%$ | $29.8 \%$ |
| Some college | $83.1 \%$ | $78.5 \%$ | $28.7 \%$ |
| College degree | $91.3 \%$ | $81.0 \%$ | $19.9 \%$ |
| Grad studies | $97.9 \%$ | $79.5 \%$ | $17.5 \%$ |
| Total | $86.2 \%$ | $81.3 \%$ | $24.9 \%$ |


| Sex | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Male | $85.2 \%$ | $75.5 \%$ | $22.8 \%$ |
| Female | $87.0 \%$ | $85.7 \%$ | $26.8 \%$ |
| Total | $86.2 \%$ | $81.4 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ |


| Health Status | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Excellent | $93.9 \%$ | $81.6 \%$ | $19.9 \%$ |
| Very good | $93.1 \%$ | $81.2 \%$ | $14.2 \%$ |
| Good | $84.8 \%$ | $78.2 \%$ | $28.0 \%$ |
| Fair/Poor | $72.3 \%$ | $85.5 \%$ | $42.8 \%$ |
| Total | $86.3 \%$ | $81.3 \%$ | $25.2 \%$ |


| Insurance Status | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Insured | $89.4 \%$ | $80.5 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ |
|  | Private insurance | $91.0 \%$ | $80.3 \%$ |
| $20.9 \%$ |  |  |  |
|  | Public insurance | $85.1 \%$ | $80.5 \%$ |
| $30.0 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Uninsured | $54.4 \%$ | $89.9 \%$ |  |
| Total | $86.2 \%$ | $81.4 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ |

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index for July 2009. Standard errors are shown in Table 7.
*Percent responding that health care received was "excellent", "very good", or "good" quality
**Percent responding that it was "very important" or "somewhat important" to the question, "How important is it that President Obama include health care reform as part of his approach to addressing the economic crisis of the United States?"
***Percent responding that they were "very worried" or "somewhat worried"

## Table 4. Survey Results, July 2009

| Health Status | Percent | SE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Excellent | 20.5\% | 1.91\% |
| Very good | 28.9\% | 2.13\% |
| Good | 28.7\% | 2.14\% |
| Fair | 14.9\% | 1.70\% |
| Poor | 7.1\% | 1.22\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Delayed care because of cost | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 20.9\% | 1.97\% |
| No | 79.1\% | 1.97\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Skipped care because of cost | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 18.3\% | 1.89\% |
| No | 81.7\% | 1.89\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Did not fill prescription because of cost | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 19.7\% | 1.92\% |
| No | 80.3\% | 1.92\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Did not get mental health because of cost | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 8.1\% | 1.35\% |
| No | 91.9\% | 1.35\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Trouble paying medical bills | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 24.9\% | 2.11\% |
| No | 75.2\% | 2.11\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Have health insurance | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 90.7\% | 1.45\% |
| No | 9.3\% | 1.45\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Covered by employer sponsored insurance (ESI) (of insured) | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 67.8\% | 2.32\% |
| No | 32.2\% | 2.32\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
|  |  |  |
| Covered by directly purchased insurance (of insured) | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 28.0\% | 2.23\% |
| No | 72.1\% | 2.23\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |


| Covered by public insurance (of insured) | Percent | SE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes | 42.2\% | 2.42\% |
| No | 57.8\% | 2.42\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried will lose coverage (of insured) | Percent | SE |
| Very worried | 9.4\% | 1.48\% |
| Somewhat worried | 15.7\% | 1.79\% |
| Not too worried | 24.7\% | 2.15\% |
| Not worried at all | 50.2\% | 2.47\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried employer will stop coverage (of ESI) | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 13.1\% | 1.84\% |
| No | 86.9\% | 1.84\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried might lose job (of ESI or Direct) | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 15.3\% | 1.95\% |
| No | 84.7\% | 1.95\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried might get job without coverage (of ESI or public) | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 6.7\% | 1.32\% |
| No | 93.3\% | 1.32\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried will not afford current coverage (of insured) | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 17.4\% | 1.92\% |
| No | 82.7\% | 1.92\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried about cuts to public coverage (of public) | Percent | SE |
| Yes | 20.3\% | 2.33\% |
| No | 79.7\% | 2.33\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried cannot afford future care | Percent | SE |
| Very worried | 20.4\% | 1.96\% |
| Somewhat worried | 31.5\% | 2.20\% |
| Not too worried | 24.5\% | 2.01\% |
| Not worried at all | 23.7\% | 1.99\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Worried cannot afford future routine care | Percent | SE |
| Very worried | 16.6\% | 1.81\% |
| Somewhat worried | 30.5\% | 2.18\% |
| Not too worried | 26.8\% | 2.07\% |
| Not worried at all | 26.1\% | 2.07\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 0.00\% |


| Worried cannot afford future prescriptions | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Very worried | $17.7 \%$ | $1.83 \%$ |
| Somewhat worried | $27.9 \%$ | $2.13 \%$ |
| Not too worried | $23.9 \%$ | $2.02 \%$ |
| Not worried at all | $30.5 \%$ | $2.16 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |


| Worried must keep current job for coverage (of ESI and not retired) | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Very worried | $9.1 \%$ | $1.87 \%$ |
| Somewhat worried | $13.3 \%$ | $2.13 \%$ |
| Not too worried | $12.2 \%$ | $2.05 \%$ |
| Not worried at all | $65.4 \%$ | $2.99 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |


| Worried will go bankrupt from medical bills | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Very worried | $11.6 \%$ | $1.55 \%$ |
| Somewhat worried | $17.9 \%$ | $1.84 \%$ |
| Not too worried | $29.0 \%$ | $2.15 \%$ |
| Not worried at all | $41.6 \%$ | $2.32 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |


| Rating of health care quality received | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Excellent | $26.1 \%$ | $2.07 \%$ |
| Very good | $34.5 \%$ | $2.22 \%$ |
| Good | $25.7 \%$ | $2.09 \%$ |
| Fair | $10.4 \%$ | $1.53 \%$ |
| Poor | $3.4 \%$ | $0.91 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |


| How important it is that Obama includes health reform in addressing |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| economic crisis | Percent | SE |
| Very important | $63.4 \%$ | $2.29 \%$ |
| Somewhat important | $17.9 \%$ | $1.82 \%$ |
| Not very important | $6.2 \%$ | $1.16 \%$ |
| Not at all important | $9.3 \%$ | $1.41 \%$ |
| Opposes health reform (if vol.) | $3.2 \%$ | $0.81 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index for July 2009.
Note: SE= Standard Error

Table 5. Demographics, July 2009

| Age | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $18-34$ | $16.0 \%$ | $1.91 \%$ |
| $35-49$ | $29.0 \%$ | $2.16 \%$ |
| $50-64$ | $29.2 \%$ | $2.10 \%$ |
| $65+$ | $25.8 \%$ | $1.99 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ |  |


| Race | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| White Non-Hispanic | $80.8 \%$ | $1.94 \%$ |
| Other | $19.2 \%$ | $1.94 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ |  |


| Income | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Bottom Third | $31.4 \%$ | $2.31 \%$ |
| Middle Third | $33.6 \%$ | $2.34 \%$ |
| Top Third | $35.0 \%$ | $2.33 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ |  |


| Education | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| HS or less | $35.8 \%$ | $2.27 \%$ |
| Some college | $23.1 \%$ | $2.04 \%$ |
| College degree | $24.6 \%$ | $2.02 \%$ |
| Grad studies | $16.5 \%$ | $1.69 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ |  |


| Sex | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Male | $42.6 \%$ | $2.36 \%$ |
| Female | $57.4 \%$ | $2.36 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ |  |


| Health Status | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Excellent | $20.5 \%$ | $1.91 \%$ |
| Very good | $28.9 \%$ | $2.13 \%$ |
| Good | $28.7 \%$ | $2.14 \%$ |
| Fair/Poor | $22.0 \%$ | $1.97 \%$ |
| Total | $100.0 \%$ |  |


| Insurance Status | Percent | SE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Insured | $90.7 \%$ | $1.45 \%$ |
|  | Private insurance | $76.2 \%$ |
| Public insurance | $42.05 \%$ |  |
|  | $9.3 \%$ | $1.45 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $100.0 \%$ |  |
| Total |  |  |

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index for July 2009. Note: SE= Standard Error

Table 6. Standard Errors for Percent Concerned and Index Values by Demographics, July 2009

|  | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age Categories | Recent <br> Health Cost Barriers | Future <br> Health Cost Concerns | Health Care <br> Consumer <br> Confidence | Recent <br> Health Cost <br> Barriers | Future Health Cost Concerns | Health Care Consumer Confidence |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18-34 | 6.5\% | 6.5\% | 6.2\% | 6.07 | 7.31 | 5.86 |
| 35-49 | 4.4\% | 4.3\% | 4.1\% | 4.35 | 5.61 | 4.38 |
| 50-64 | 4.1\% | 3.9\% | 3.8\% | 3.99 | 5.21 | 3.98 |
| 65+ | 3.4\% | 4.3\% | 4.2\% | 2.66 | 5.40 | 3.40 |
| Total | 2.3\% | 2.3\% | 2.2\% | 2.13 | 2.91 | 2.18 |


| Race | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| White Non-Hispanic | $2.5 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | 2.21 | 3.14 | 2.28 |
| Other | $5.6 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | 6.09 | 7.29 | 5.87 |
| Total | $2.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | 2.16 | 2.95 | 2.20 |


| Income Categories | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bottom Third | $4.5 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | 4.87 | 5.60 | 4.45 |
| Middle Third | $4.3 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | 3.95 | 5.16 | 3.95 |
| Top Third | $3.2 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ | 2.07 | 4.25 | 2.62 |
| Total | $2.4 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | 2.28 | 3.06 | 2.31 |


| Education | Percents |  |  |  | Index |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| HS or less | $3.9 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | 3.74 | 5.27 | 3.97 |
| Some college | $5.0 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ | 4.86 | 5.67 | 4.42 |
| College degree | $4.4 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | 3.93 | 5.40 | 3.84 |
| Grad studies | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | 4.46 | 6.30 | 4.84 |
| Total | $2.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | 2.14 | 2.92 | 2.18 |


| Sex | Percents |  |  | Index |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Male | $3.6 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ | 3.18 | 4.66 | 3.37 |
| Female | $3.0 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | 2.87 | 3.69 | 2.83 |
| Total | $2.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | 2.13 | 2.91 | 2.18 |


| Health Status | Percents |  |  |  | Index |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Excellent | $4.5 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | 3.35 | 5.69 | 3.90 |
| Very good | $3.8 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | 3.14 | 4.69 | 3.16 |
| Good | $4.4 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ | 4.00 | 5.34 | 4.04 |
| Fair/Poor | $5.1 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | 5.72 | 6.46 | 5.20 |
| Total | $2.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | 2.14 | 2.91 | 2.18 |


| Insurance Status | Percents |  |  |  | Index |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Insured |  | $2.3 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | 2.00 | 2.94 |
|  |  | $2.4 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | 2.02 | 3.17 |
|  | Private insurance | $3.5 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | 3.28 | 4.62 |
| Uninsured | Public insurance | $7.4 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | 9.31 | 9.20 |
| Total |  | $2.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | 2.13 | 2.91 |

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index for July 2009.

Table 7. Standard Errors for Health Care Quality, Health Reform Importance, and Coverage Loss by Demographics, July 2009

|  | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Age | Received <br> Quality <br> Health Care* | Health Reform <br> Important** | Worried may lose <br> coverage*** |
| $18-34$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
| $35-49$ | $3.5 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| $50-64$ | $3.2 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| $65+$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| Total | $1.7 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |


| Race | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Non-Hispanic | $1.7 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| Other | $5.3 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ |
| Total | $1.7 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |


| Income | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bottom Third | $4.1 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ |
| Middle Third | $3.2 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| Top Third | $1.3 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ |
| Total | $1.8 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |


| Education | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS or less | $3.4 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| Some college | $3.9 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ |
| College degree | $2.9 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| Grad studies | $1.2 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| Total | $1.7 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |


| Sex | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | $2.8 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Female | $2.2 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ |
| Total | $1.7 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |


| Health Status | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Excellent | $2.6 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| Very good | $2.3 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ |
| Good | $3.4 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| Fair/Poor | $4.7 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| Total | $1.7 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |


| Insurance Status | Percents |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insured | $1.6 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| $\quad$ Private insurance | $1.6 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| $\quad$ Public insurance | $2.8 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $8.3 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ |  |
| Total | $1.7 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Health Care Consumer Confidence Index for July 2009.
*Percent responding that health care received was "excellent", "very good", or "good" quality
**Percent responding that it was "very important" or "somewhat important" to the question, "How important is it that
President Obama include health care reform as part of his approach to addressing the economic crisis of the United States?"
***Percent responding that they were "very worried" or "somewhat worried"

## Survey Questionnaire

Q1. Next we have some general questions about health care.
Would you say that in general your health is excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor?

1. EXCELLENT
2. VERY GOOD
3. GOOD
4. FAIR
5. POOR

Q2a. In the past 12 months, was there any time when you (or someone in your family living there) delayed seeing a doctor when it was necessary because of the cost?

1. YES
2. NO

Q2b. In the past 12 months, was there any time when you (or someone in your family living there) skipped a recommended medical test, treatment, or follow-up because of the cost?

1. YES
2. NO

Q2c. In the past 12 months, was there any time when you (or someone in your family living there) did not fill a prescription because of the cost?

## 1. YES

5. NO

Q2d. In the past 12 months, was there any time when you (or someone in your family living there) did not get mental health care that was needed because of the cost?

1. YES
2. NO

Q3. In the past 12 months, did you (and your family living there) ever have difficulty paying for your medical bills?
[INTERVIEWER PROBE: "This would include doctor or hospital bills, dentist bills, bills for prescription drugs, nursing home bills, or home care bills."]

## 1. YES

5. NO

Q4. Do you, yourself, have any kind of health care insurance or health plan at this time? This would include any private insurance plan through your (or your (spouse's/partner's)) employer
or that you purchased yourself, including an HMO, or a government program such as Medicare or Medicaid.

1. YES
2. NO

* GO TO Q7a
*V

Q5a. Are you currently covered by health insurance through your (or your (spouse's/partner's)) current or former employer or union?

1. YES
2. NO

Q5b. Are you currently covered by health insurance purchased directly from an insurance company by you or another family member?

1. YES
2. NO

Q5c. Are you currently covered by health insurance through Medicare, Medicaid, TRICARE, military health care, the VA or Veterans' Administration, or any other state or government plan?

1. YES
2. NO

Q6. At this time, how worried are you that you will lose your health insurance coverage in the next 12 months? Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?

1. VERY WORRIED
2. SOMEWHAT WORRIED
3. NOT TOO WORRIED
4. NOT WORRIED AT ALL

## Q6_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. IF HAS EMPLOYER-SPONSORED HEALTH INSURANCE ONLY (Q5a=YES/Q5b AND Q5c=NO/DK/NA) --> GO TO Q6a-Q6d (SKIP Q6e)

## 2. IF HAS SELF-PURCHASED HEALTH INSURANCE ONLY (Q5b=YES/Q5a AND Q5c=NO/DK/NA) --> GO TO Q6b-Q6d (SKIP Q6a AND Q6e)

3. IF HAS GOVERNMENT HEALTH INSURANCE ONLY (Q5c=YES/Q5a AND Q5b=NO/DK/NA) --> GO TO Q6c-Q6e (SKIP Q6a-Q6b)
4. IF HAS EMPLOYER-SPONSORED AND SELF-PURCHASED HEALTH INSURANCE (Q5a AND Q5b=YES/Q5c=NO/DK/NA) --> GO TO Q6a-Q6d (SKIP Q6e)
5. IF HAS EMPLOYER-SPONSORED AND GOVERNMENT HEALTH INSURANCE (Q5a AND Q5c=YES/Q5b=NO/DK/NA) --> GO TO Q6a-Q6e
6. IF HAS SELF-PURCHASED AND GOVERNMENT HEALTH INSURANCE (Q5b AND Q5c=YES/Q5a=NO/DK/NA) --> GO TO Q6b-Q6e (SKIP Q6a)

## 7. OTHERS --> GO TO Q6a-Q6e

Q6a. Next I will read some reasons why people might worry about losing health insurance coverage. For each one, please say yes or no for your own situation during the next 12 months. Are you worried about losing coverage because your (or your (spouse's/partner's)) employer will stop providing coverage?

1. YES
2. NO
3. RETIRED; NOT WORKING (IF VOL.)

Q6b. Are you worried about losing coverage because you (or your (spouse/partner)) might lose a job?

1. YES
2. NO
3. RETIRED; NOT WORKING (IF VOL.)

Q6c. Are you worried about losing coverage because you (or your (spouse/partner)) might get a new job or position that does not offer coverage?

1. YES
2. NO

Q6d. Are you worried about losing coverage because you (and your family) will not be able to afford the increasing costs of your current coverage?

1. YES
2. NO

Q6e. Are you worried about losing coverage because the government might make cuts to your public health insurance program?

1. YES
2. NO

Q7a. The next several questions are about the future. For each of the next questions, please tell me whether you are very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all.

First, thinking about the future, how worried are you that you will not be able to afford treatment if you (or someone in your family living there) becomes seriously ill? Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?

1. VERY WORRIED
2. SOMEWHAT WORRIED
3. NOT TOO WORRIED
4. NOT WORRIED AT ALL

Q7b. Thinking about the future, how worried are you that you will not be able to afford all of the routine health care services you (and your family living there) might need? Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?

1. VERY WORRIED
2. SOMEWHAT WORRIED
3. NOT TOO WORRIED
4. NOT WORRIED AT ALL

Q7c. (Thinking about the future,) how worried are you that you will not be able to afford all of the prescription drugs you (and your family living there) might need? (Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?)

1. VERY WORRIED
2. SOMEWHAT WORRIED
3. NOT TOO WORRIED
4. NOT WORRIED AT ALL

Q7d. [IF Q6_0=1-2,4-7:] (Thinking about the future,) how worried are you that you will have to stay in your current job instead of taking a new job for fear of losing health benefits? (Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?)

1. VERY WORRIED
2. SOMEWHAT WORRIED
3. NOT TOO WORRIED
4. NOT WORRIED AT ALL

Q7e. (Thinking about the future,) how worried are you that you will go bankrupt from not being able to pay your (family's) medical bills? (Are you very worried, somewhat worried, not too worried, or not worried at all?)

1. VERY WORRIED
2. SOMEWHAT WORRIED
3. NOT TOO WORRIED
4. NOT WORRIED AT ALL

Q8. In general, how would you rate the quality of health care you (and your family living there) receive -- would you say that it is excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor?

## 1. EXCELLENT

2. VERY GOOD
3. GOOD

## 4. FAIR

5. POOR

Q9. How important is it that President Obama include health care reform as part of his approach to addressing the economic crisis of the United States? Is it very important, somewhat important, not very important, or not at all important?
[INTERVIEWER PROBE: "This would include increasing health insurance coverage, increasing access, and reducing cost."]

1. VERY IMPORTANT
2. SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT
3. NOT VERY IMPORTANT
4. NOT AT ALL IMPORTANT
5. R OPPOSES HEALTH CARE REFORM (IF VOL.)
